



SAFETY SHEET 63

PITTURA CALCE QUARZO

1 **IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND THE COMPANY** 1.1 **Product Identifier** Product name PITTURA CALCE QUARZO 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Description/Application Decorative mineral coating 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet BERICALCE di De Toni Michael Name: Full address: Via O. da Pordenone n.18 - 36100 Vicenza - Italia Phone: +39 0444 929102 +39 0444 923317 Fax: +39 0444 929102 E-mail address of the competent person responsible to the Safety Data Sheet info@bericalce.it **Emergency telephone number** 1.4 SANITARY EMERGENCY

For urgent inquiries refer to

2 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous according to the provisions of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and adaptationxs. The product thus requires a safey data sheet complies with the provisions of Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments. Furtherinformation on the risks to health and/or the environment are given in sec. 11 and 12 of this sheet. Hazard classification and indication:

Labol alamants		
- single exposure, category 3	H335	It may cause respirstory irritation
Specific toxicity for target organs		
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	It causes skin irritation.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	It causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Danger labeling under Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments.



Hazard:	
H318	It causes serious eye damge.
H315	It causes skin irritation.
H335	It may cause respiratory itrritation.
Safety advice:	
P264	To wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after use.
P280	Wear protective gloves and protect eyes / face.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: move the victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable
	for breathing.
P310	Immediately call a POISION CENTER or get medical advice/attention.
P403+P233	Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place.
It contains:	Hydrated lime
Other dangers	

2.3. Other dangers

Based on available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances as more than 0,1%

3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance No relevant information.

3.2 Mixtures

Minkton C5		
It contains:		
Identification	Conc. %.	Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).
<u>Calcium Carbonate</u>		
CAS. 471-34-1	40 - 50	Substance with a community exposure limit in the workplace
CE. 207-439-9		
INDEX		
<u>Hydrated Lime</u>		
CAS. 1305-62-0	20 - 30	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335
CE. 215-137-3		
INDEX		
<u>Titanium Dioxide</u>	5 - 10	Substance with a community exposure limit in the workplace
CAS. 13463-67-7		
CE. 236-675-5		
INDEX		
The full text of hazard (H	I) is specified in	section 16 of the sheet.

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible.

Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take precautions for rescue workers.

- **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.** For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.
- **4.3** Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. Follow doctor's instructions.

5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be conventional: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture HAZARDS CAUSED BYEXPOSURE IN THE EVENTOF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the cointainers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health.

Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contamined water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

EQUIPMENT

Normal fire fighting clothing, i.e. self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (EN 137), fire kit (EN 469), gloves (EN 659) and boots (HO A29 or A30).

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leak if there is no danger. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to in sec. 8 of the safety datas sheet) to prevent any continuation of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These direction are valid both for the workers to work which for emergency interventions.

6.2 Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Vacuum the spilled product into a suitable container. Assess the compatibility of the container to be used with the product, verifying section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Ensure adequate ventilation of the place affected by the loss.

Verify the compatibility of containers' material in section 7.

The disposal of contaminated material must be made in accordance with section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle the product after consultation with all other sections of the sheet. Avoid dispersal into the environment. Do not eat, nor drink, nor smoke while handling it. Remove contaminated clothing and equipment before entering eat areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep the product only in its original containers. Keep containers well sealed, in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Information not available.

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TIV-ACGIH

8.1 Control parameters

EU OEL EU

Directive 2009/161/UE; Directive2006/15/CE; Directive 2004/37/CE; Directive 2000/39/CE.

			• · ·						
HYDRATED LIME									
Threshold limit valueTypeStateOELEU	TWA/8h mg/m3 1	ppm	STEL/ mg/n 4	15min n3	ppm	respir.			
TLV-ACGIH	5								
CALCIUM CARBONATE									
Threshold limit value									
Tipo Stato	TWA/8h			15min					
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/n	nβ	ppm	• I. I.			
TLV-ACGIH TLV-ACGIH	10					inalab. respir.			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	5					Tespii.			
Threshold limit value									
Type State	TWA/8h		STEL/	15min					
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/n	n3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH	10								
Expected concentration of		he enviro		IEC.					
Reference value in fresh v			0,127			mg/l			
Reference value for the te		rtment	1080			mg/l			
Reference value for seawa Reference value for sedim		ator	1000	mg/kg		mg/l			
Reference value for sedim			1000	mg/kg					
Reference value for micro			100	mg/l					
Reference value for terres	strial compartm	ent	100	mg/kg					
Health - Derived level o	f no effect - D	NEL / DM							
	Effects on co	nsumers				Effects on	workers	5	
Exposure	Local Sy	stemic	Local	Systemic	z Lo	ical Syste	emic	Local	Systemic
	acute ad	cute	chronic	chronic	ac	cute acut	е	chronic	chronic
Inhalation								VND	10 mg/m3

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INALAB = inhalable fraction ; RESPIR = Respirable fraction ; TORAC = Thoracic fraction. VND = identified hazard but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no expected exposure; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2 Exposure controls

As the use if adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment must always take priority over personal protection equipment, ensure good ventilation in the workplace through effective local aspiration. For the selection of personal protective equipment, if necessary, request advice from your chemical substance suppliers.

The personal protective equipment must bear the CE marking attesting to their compliance with applicable regulations. Provide emergency shower with a pan for face and eyes.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect your hands with work gloves, category III (ref. standard EN 374). Final selection of the material of the gloves must be considered: compatibility, degradation, breakage times and permeation. In the case of preparartions the resistance of protective gloves to chemicals should be checked before use, as it expected. The gloves' limit depends on the duration and method of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear work clothes with long sleeves and safety footware for professional use category II (ref. Directive 89/686/ EEC and law EN ISO 20344). Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

We recommend wearing hood visor or protective visor together with airtight goggles (ref. law EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In case of exceeding the threshold value (i.e. TLV-TWA) of the substance or one or more of the substances present in the product, you should wear a mask with a filter of type A and its class (1, 2 or 3) must to be chosen according to the limit concentration of use (ref. law EN 14387).

In the case there are gases or vapors of a different nature and/or gases or vapors with particles (aerosols, fumes, mists, etc.) it is necessary to consider combined type of filters. The use of respiratory protective equipment is necessary in case of the technical measures taken are not sufficient to limit the exposure of the worker to the threshold values considered.

The protection provided by masks is anyway limited. In the case where the substance in question is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the related TLV-TWA, and in case of emergency, wear a compressed air breathing apparatus with an open circuit (ref. law EN 137) or a respirator in an external air socket (ref. law EN 138). For the correct choice of respiratory protection device, refer to law EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Deete

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Paste
Colour	White
Odour	Distinctive
Odour threshold	Not available
PH	Not available
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not available
Boiling range.	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Lower inflammability limit	Not flamable
Upper infiammability limit	Not flamable
Lower explosive limit	Not explosive
Upper explosive limit	Not explosive
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubilità	Mixable in water
Partition coefficient:: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidising properties	Not available
Other information	
Not available	

9.2

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

INo hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage. Hydrated lime reacts esothermically with acids. If heated to more than 580°C, it decomposes to form calcium oxide (CaO) and water (H2O). Calcium oxide reacts with water and generates heat .

10.4 Conditions to avoid

None in particular. Follow the usual precautions against chemicals.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Hydrated lime. It reacts exothermically with aluminium and with the brass, thus forming hydrogen.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated or in case of fire can release gases and vapors potentially dangerous to health.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental toxicological data on the product itself, the possible health hazards of the product were evaluated based on the properties of the substances containde, according to the criteria laid down by the relevant regulations for the classification.

Therefore, consider the concentration of each hazardous substances possibly mentioned in sect. 3, to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the product.

The product causes serious eye injury and may cause corneal opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Acut effecft: contact with skin may cause irritation. erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin.

Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and vomiting. TITANIUM DIOXIDE LD50 (Oral).> 5000 mg/kg Rats LC50 (Inhalation).> 6,82 mg/l Rats

CALCIUM CARBONATE LD50 (Oral) HYDRATED LIME LD50 (Oral)

> 6450 mg/kg Rats

> 7340 mg/kg Rats (OECD 425)

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Use this product according to good working practices, avoiding the release of the product in the environment. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or sewers or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1 Toxicity

TITANIUM DIOXIDE LC50 - Fish. EC50 - Shellfish EC50 - Algae / Water plants

> 1000 mg/l/96h Freshwater fish > 1000 mg/l/48h > 61 mg/l/72h Algae

HYDRATED LIME LC50 - Fish. > 50.6 mg/l/96h Freshwater fish EC50 - Shellfish > 49.1 mg/l/48h EC50 - Algae / Water plants > 184.57 mg/l/72h Persistence and degradability 12.2 Information not available **Bioaccumulative potential** 12.3 Information not available 12.4 Mobility in soil Information not available **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** 12.5 On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1% 12.6 Other adverse effects

IInformation not available

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evalueted according to applicabile regulations. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

- **14.1 ONU number** Not applicable.
- **14.2 ONU shipping name** Not applicable.
- **14.3** Hazard classes connected to shipping Not applicable.
- **14.4** Packaging group Not applicable.
- 14.5Environmental hazards
Not applicable.
- **14.6** Special precautions for users Not applicable.
- **14.7** Shipping of bulk according to MARPOL 73/78 annex and the IBC code No relevant information.

15 **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category. None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to AnnexXVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product. Point 3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH): None

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH): None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent to health must undergo health checks according to the provisions of art. 41 of Legislative Decree n. 81 of April 9th 2008, unless the risk for the safety and health of the worker has been assessed irrelevant, according to art. 224 paragraph 2.

15.2 **Chemical safety assessment**

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

OTHER INFORMATIONS 16

Text of indications of hazard H) mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
H318	It causes serious eye damage
H315	It causes skin irritation
H335	It can cause respiratory irritation

- LEGEND:
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50% of the popolation subject to test
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Directive 1999/45/EC and following amendments
- 2. Directive 67/548/EEC and following amendments and adjustments
- 3. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EC) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EC) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- 10. Handling Chemical Safety
- 11. Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- 12. INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- 13. Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- 14. N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- 15. ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product. This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property. The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations.

The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

BeriCalce ITALIA

Via Odorico da Pordenone, 18 - 36100 Vicenza - ITALIA Tel./Fax (+39) 0444 929102 - Tel. (+39) 0444 923317 Skype: bericalce - info@bericalce.com

bericalce.com